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B. TECH.

THEORY EXAMINATION (SEM–VI) 2016-17 COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE & ORGANIZATION

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Note: Be precise in your answer. In case of numerical problem assume data wherever not provided.

SECTION-A

1. **Explain the following:**

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

a) Memory

b) Flash Memory

g) Microcode & Microinstructionh) Horizontal and Vertical micro-

c) IEEE

instructions
Processor-Memory

d) Design Methodologye) Normalization and Bi

Communication.

e) Normalization and Biasingf) Fixed point arithmetic

j) PLDs

i)

SECTION-B

2. Attempt any five of the following:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- a) What do you mean by pipelining? Explain instruction pipelining with the help of example.
- **b)** What is Cache Memory? How is it implemented? A twoway set associated 'cache memory uses blocks of fourwords. The cache can accommodate a total of 2048 words from main memory. The main memory size is 128K x32.
 - i) Formulate all pertinent information required to construct the cache memory.
 - ii) What is the size of cache memory?
- c) What are Combinational Array Multipliers? Illustrate the Booth multiplication Algorithm.
- **d**) Discuss about advantages and disadvantages of PLD's. Design a 4-bit register with parallel I/O and 4-bit register with parallel load.
- e) Explain with block diagram of Error Detection and Correction Logic with suitable example.
- f) What are high speed adders? Design a Carry Look ahead adder.
- g) Draw a structure of an 8M X 8 bit DRAM chip. Explain its specifications.
- **h)** Explain VHDL. What is device modeling? What is complier and simulator? Explain structural modeling with an example.

SECTION-C

Attempt any two of the following:

 $(15 \times 2 = 30)$

- 3. Draw and explain typical micro programmed controller. What is program control unit? Design a state transition graph for the accumulator based CPU with an example.
- **4.** Give the block diagram of micro program sequencer for a control memory and explain it properly. What do you understand by term Superscalar? Explain the concept of superscalar processing.
- 5. Explain how Booth's algorithm is suitable for signed number multiplication. Perform the multiplication of followingusing Booth algorithm 4 X- 5. Explain the floating point multiplication with the help offlowchart.